

#### High-efficiency, waterproof, UV and scratch-resistant solar panel for industrial IoT

#### **Features**

- ← IPX7 waterproof rated
- G 10+ years UV exposure testing
- G ← Third-party agency qualification
- Ge 21.9% high-efficiency Sunpower solar cells
- Black matte appearance
- ← Low friction, anti-dust surface

# **Applications**

- Asset Tracking
- Tank monitoring
- Agriculture
- Pipeline sensors Smart Cities
- Weather StationsAir Quality
- Smart Home
- Level monitoring

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Symbol	Parameter	Nominal	Expected <sup>1</sup>	Unit
W <sub>P</sub>	Max power (mpp)	5.51	4.61	W
V <sub>P</sub>	Voltage @ mpp	5.21	4.69	V
I <sub>P</sub>	Current @ mpp	1.06	0.98	А
V <sub>oc</sub>	Open-circuit voltage	6.61	5.94	V
I <sub>sc</sub>	Short-circuit current	0.95	1.06	A
η	Cell efficiency	21.9	-	%

# **Electrical Characteristics**

1- Expected values are adjusted for real-world losses that include cutting of cells, imperfect transmissivity of the EVA and ETFE encapsulation layers, and the tolerance of the lowest performing cell piece in the series.

# **Key Links**

- ൙ Panel Technical Drawing

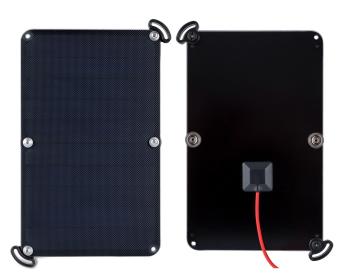
## Description

P105 is a durable, high-performance ETFE solar panel designed for industrial IoT applications. It is lightweight, efficient, and cost-effective. SMT ETFE panels are advantageous when size or weight is constrained, long lifetimes are desired, and strict quality and dimensional tolerances must be maintained.

Voltaic ETFE panels are manufactured using a strictly sourced and qualified material stack. They are third-party tested for the equivalent of 10+ years of UV exposure in addition to thermal cycling, vibration stresses, and exposure to chemicals and oils. They are used in a number of ATEX applications.

# **Mechanical Characteristics**

- General Ge
- **Standard Tolerance**: ± 0.5 mm
- **Compliance:** RoHS and REACH
- Testing: relevant sections of IEC 61215, SAE J1455, and IEC 60529
- ← Mounting: 6 x Thru-holes
- Operating Temperature: -40°C to 85°C
  Cable: 3.5x1.1mm jack





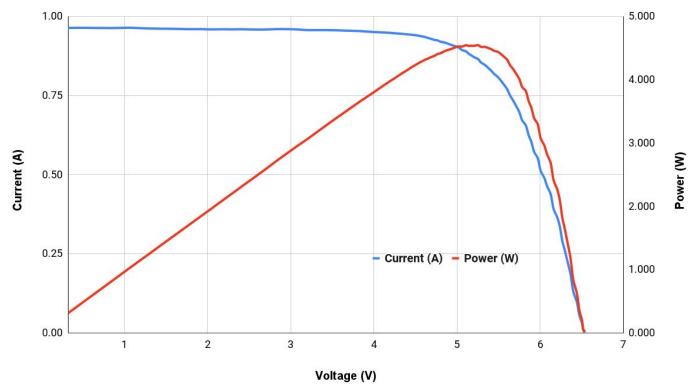


#### **Electrical Characteristics**

# **Current-Voltage Characteristics**

1 — Data collected at STC (1,000 W/m², 25°C)

The following graph is a representative, real-world IV curve of the P105 at STC<sup>1</sup>. IV Curves are taken outdoors using a calibrated light meter. Nominal values are calculated based on the theoretical efficiency of solar cells. Expected values account for real-world conditions seen after cell cutting and lamination.



#### **Revision History**

This panel is periodically revised to use the latest and most cost-effective solar cell technology. Nominal specifications of each revision are detailed here. Mechanical dimensions and electrical specifications are maintained across versions so that the panel remains as a stocked, drop-in solution for production devices.

Revision <sup>2</sup>	W <sub>P</sub> (W)	V <sub>P</sub> (V)	I <sub>P</sub> (A)	V <sub>oc</sub> (V)	I <sub>sc</sub> (A)	Solar Cell
R7E	5.51	5.21	1.06	6.61	0.95	SunPower 21.5% Maxeon Gen V Ø211 - Ln
R7D	5.55	5.21	1.07	6.61	0.96	SunPower 24% Maxeon Gen III Ø166 - Me3 (Avg)
R7C	5.49	6.07	0.90	7.09	0.99	SunPower 22.6% Maxeon Gen V Ø211 - Mn1
R6M	5.49	6.07	0.90	7.09	0.99	SunPower 22.6% Maxeon Gen V Ø211 - Mn1
R5A	4.91	5.71	0.86	6.94	0.90	SunPower 22.7% Maxeon Gen III Ø166 - Je3A (Avg)

2 — Unreleased revisions have been omitted from the table

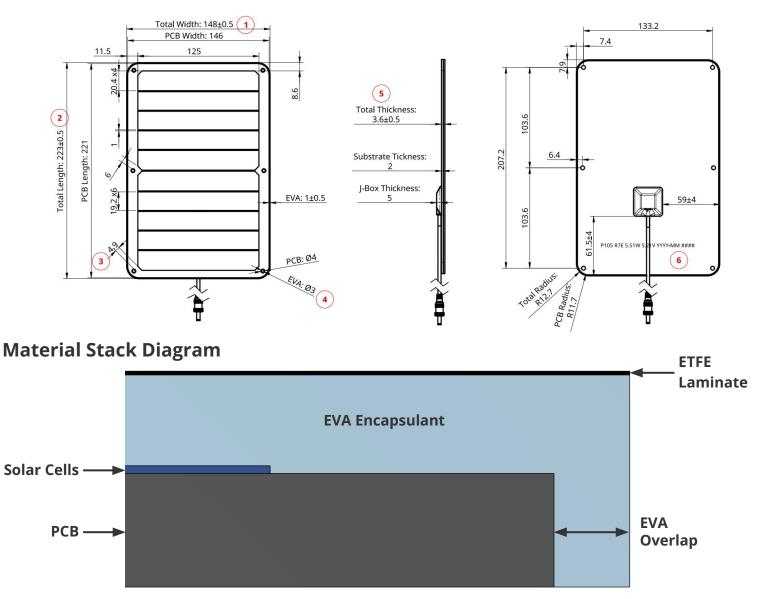


# P105 Datasheet



## **Mechanical Characteristics**

# **Technical Drawing**



# **Construction Specifications**

SMT ETFE solar panels consist of laser-cut Sunpower solar cells surface-mounted onto a double-sided PCB. The cells are encapsulated with an EVA adhesive and laminated with a layer of textured ETFE. The gap between the cell edge and panel edges provides a buffer against moisture ingress and potential delamination.

Voltaic's ETFE material stack has passed mechanical stress tests referencing IEC 61215, SAE J1455, IEC 60529, MIL-STD 810H, AAR-S-9401, and IEC 62262 IK08/09. Performed by multiple third-party agencies, these tests include accelerated aging (UV exposure), temperature and humidity cycling, damp heat, thermal shock, mechanical shock, impact, vibration, ingress, and exposure to chemicals and oils.